



At least 12 million Africans were taken to the Americas as slaves between 1532 and 1832.



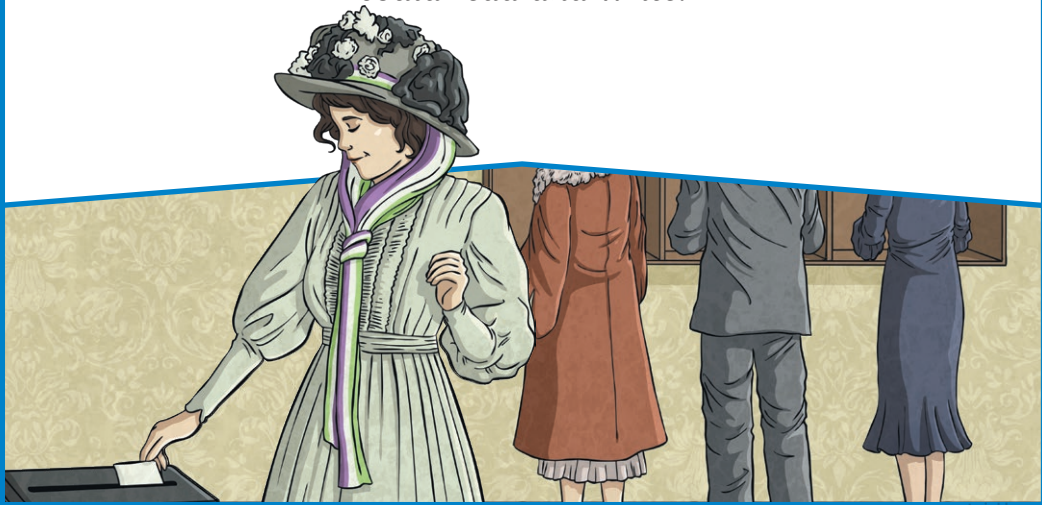
In Britain, during the 19th century, working-class children were often employed in factories and on farms. For many families, it was more important for a child to bring home a wage than to get an education.



This resource is fully in line with the Learning Outcomes and Core Themes outlined in the PSHE Association [Programme of Study](#).



Women could vote from 1945 but only if they could read and write.



In America, in the 1950s, black people were required by law to sit at the back of the bus and give up their seats for white people.





In South Africa, from 1948 to early 1990, the government treated white people as more important than other ethnic groups. White people were treated well and other ethnic groups were treated harshly.



In Britain, during the Industrial Revolution, children as young as five were needed to work in the coal mines for very little money.



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In Britain, during the middle ages, peasants had a poor quality of life. They lacked healthcare, clean water and decent housing. They struggled to provide food for themselves and for wealthy landowners.



In Europe, between 1941 and 1945, around six million people were killed and tortured because they were Jewish.

